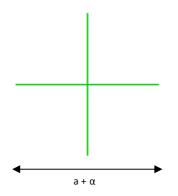
DE-R 212 Diffractive Optical Element



Element Number: DE-R 212

Current Product Revision: A

Description: Cross – 25 @532

Number of Spots on Line: 1191

Substrate Material: Polycarbonate (PC)

Size (Ø x Thickness): 8 x 1.2 mm

Design Wavelengths: 532 nm

Recommended Wavelength Range: 500-640 nm

Minimum Recommended Beam Diameter: 2-3 mm

Within the recommended wavelength range, the zeroth order is not brighter than the rest of the cross. Pattern size and pattern angles and the intensity in the undiffracted central spot ('zero order intensity', see reverse page) will vary most with the wavelength.

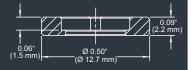
Diffraction efficiencies given on this datasheet have been measured using elements of product revision A.

Pattern Geometry and Diffraction Angles

Wavelength	Patttern Size @ 100 mm Distance	Pattern Angle
	а	α
452 nm	38 mm	22 °
488 nm	41 mm	23 °
515 nm	44 mm	25 °
532 nm	45 mm	25 °
594 nm	51 mm	28 °
638 nm	55 mm	31 °
654 nm	56 mm	31 °
700 nm	61 mm	34 °

MOUNTED VERSION

For testing or setups under laboratory conditions we offer a version mounted in 12.7 mm stainless steel frame for use with standard laboratory holders.





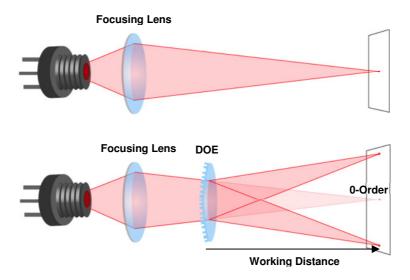
Thorlabs 8 mm steel lens adapter

COLLIMATED / CONVERGING LASER

The laser can be collimated for long range use or converging for a fixed working distance.

Please note that the size/thickness of each spot or line depends on the focusing of the laser.

Setup



Laser diodes are the most common light source to be used with diffractive optical elements, but other laser light sources may also be used.

The DOEs are best used with collimated or convergent laser sources. The microstructure surface should be oriented towards the laser.

The 0-order spot is equivalent in size and shape to the original beam, but its power is attenuated.

Diffraction Zero Order Intensity:

Wavelength	0-Order Intensity
452	12%
488	4%
515	1.4%
532	0.7%
594	2%
638	6%
654	8%

